

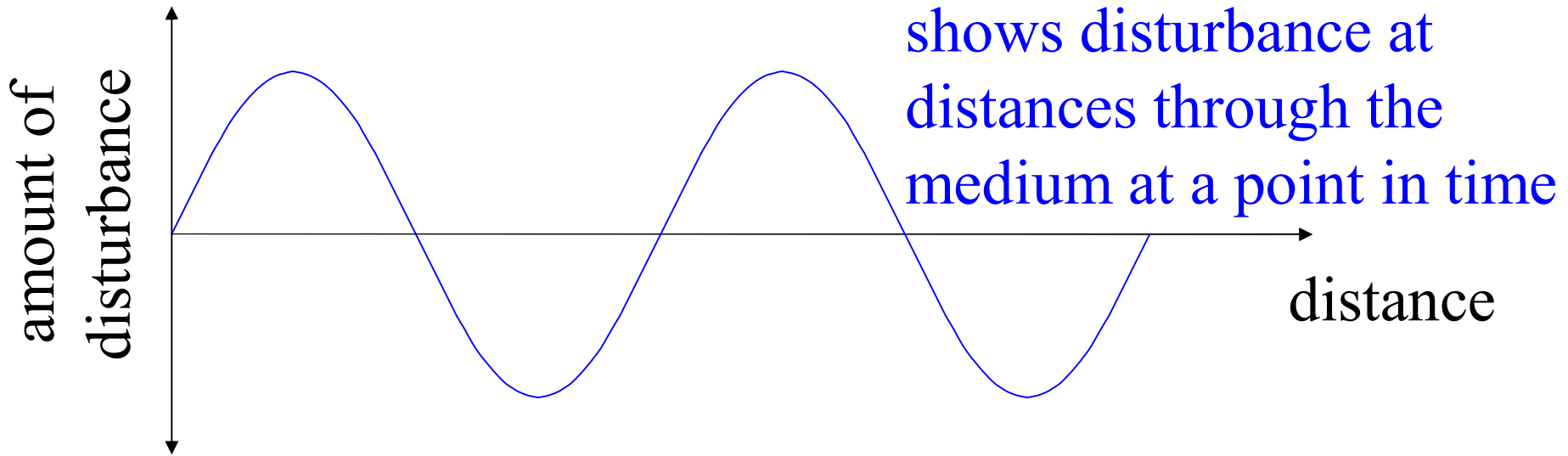
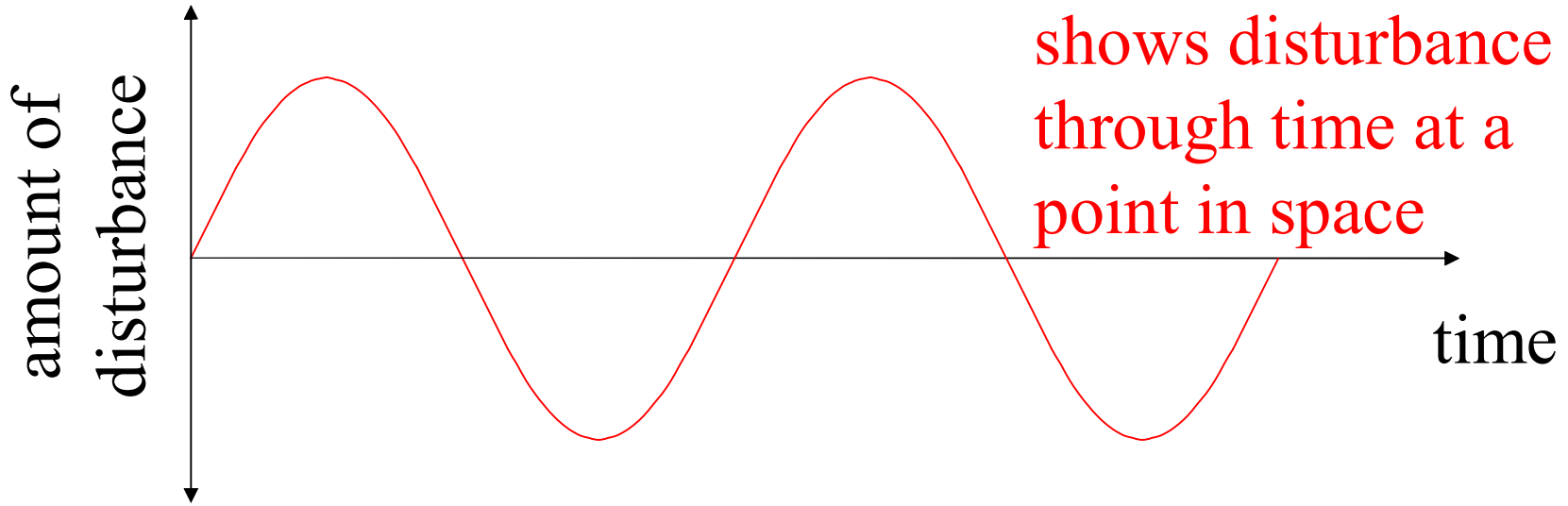
# Graphs of Waves

Revealing the Shape of the Wave

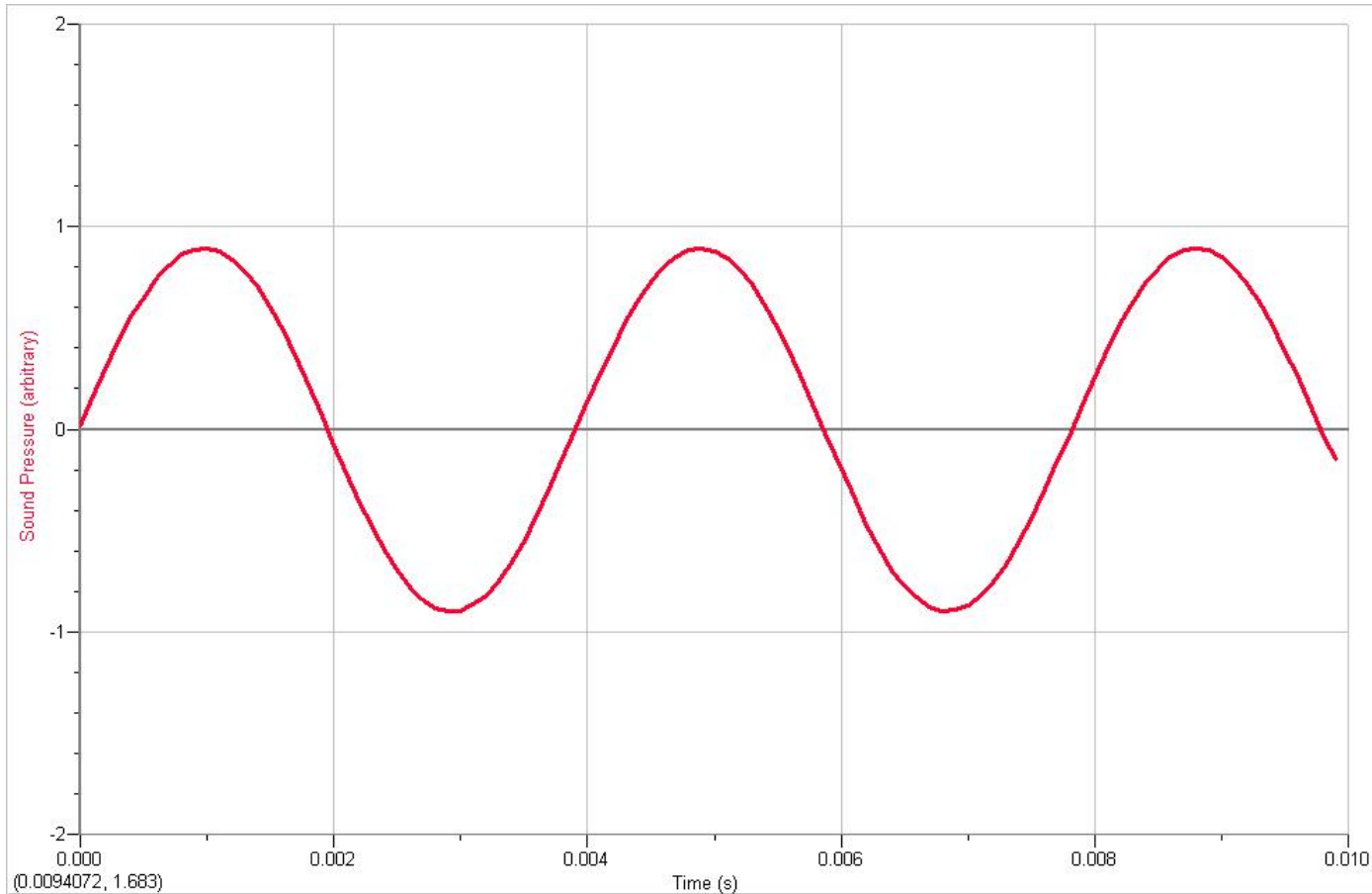
# Wave Graphs

- Aside from wavelength, frequency, speed, and amplitude a wave can be unique in its shape or form.
- The shape or form of the wave is the pattern of disturbance.
- A common type of pattern is a sinusoidal wave (or more simply a "sine wave"). This is a wave pattern that has the same curved shape as the graph of the sine function.

# Two Types of Wave Graphs

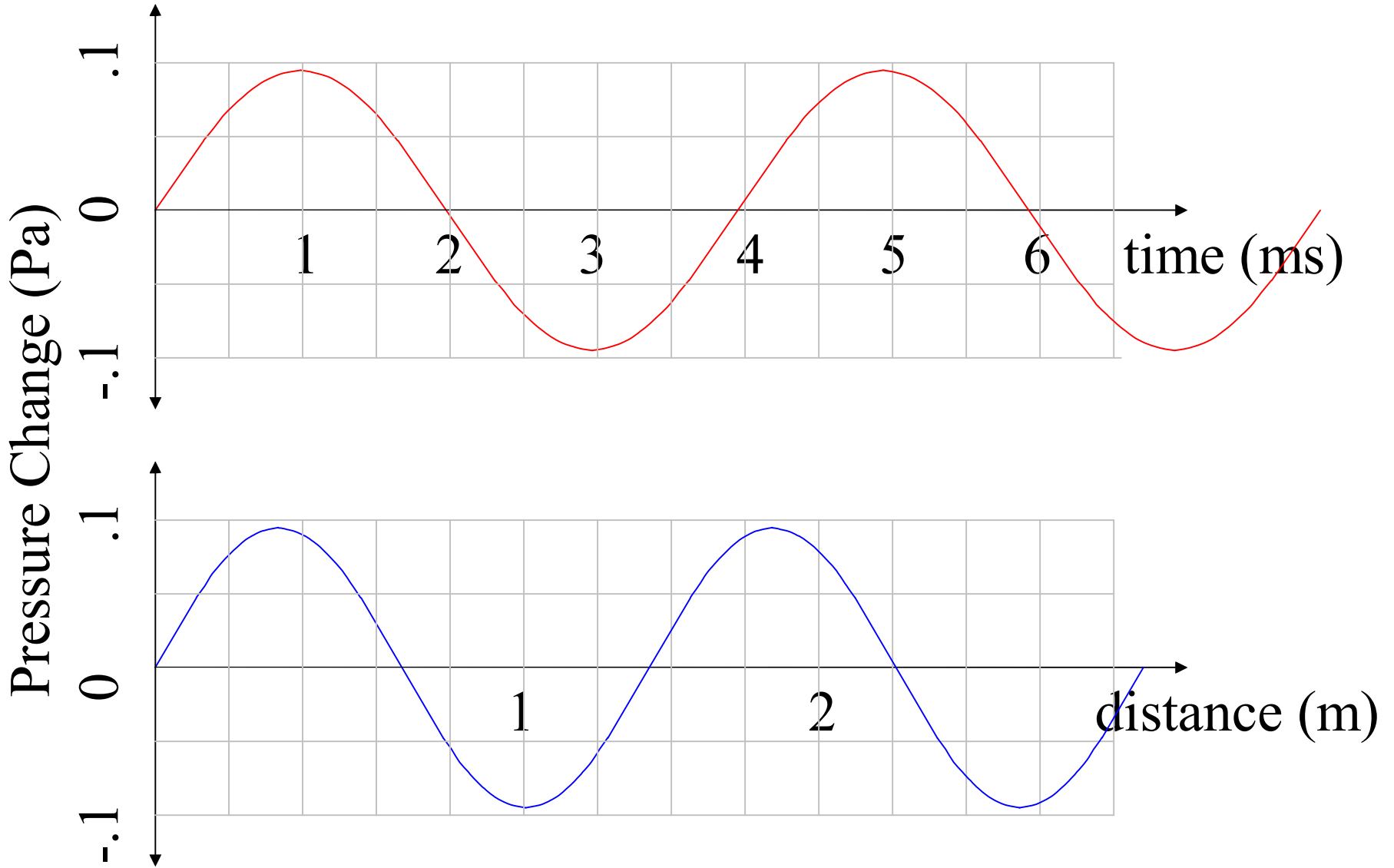


# Graph of Sound Wave Made by Tuning Fork:

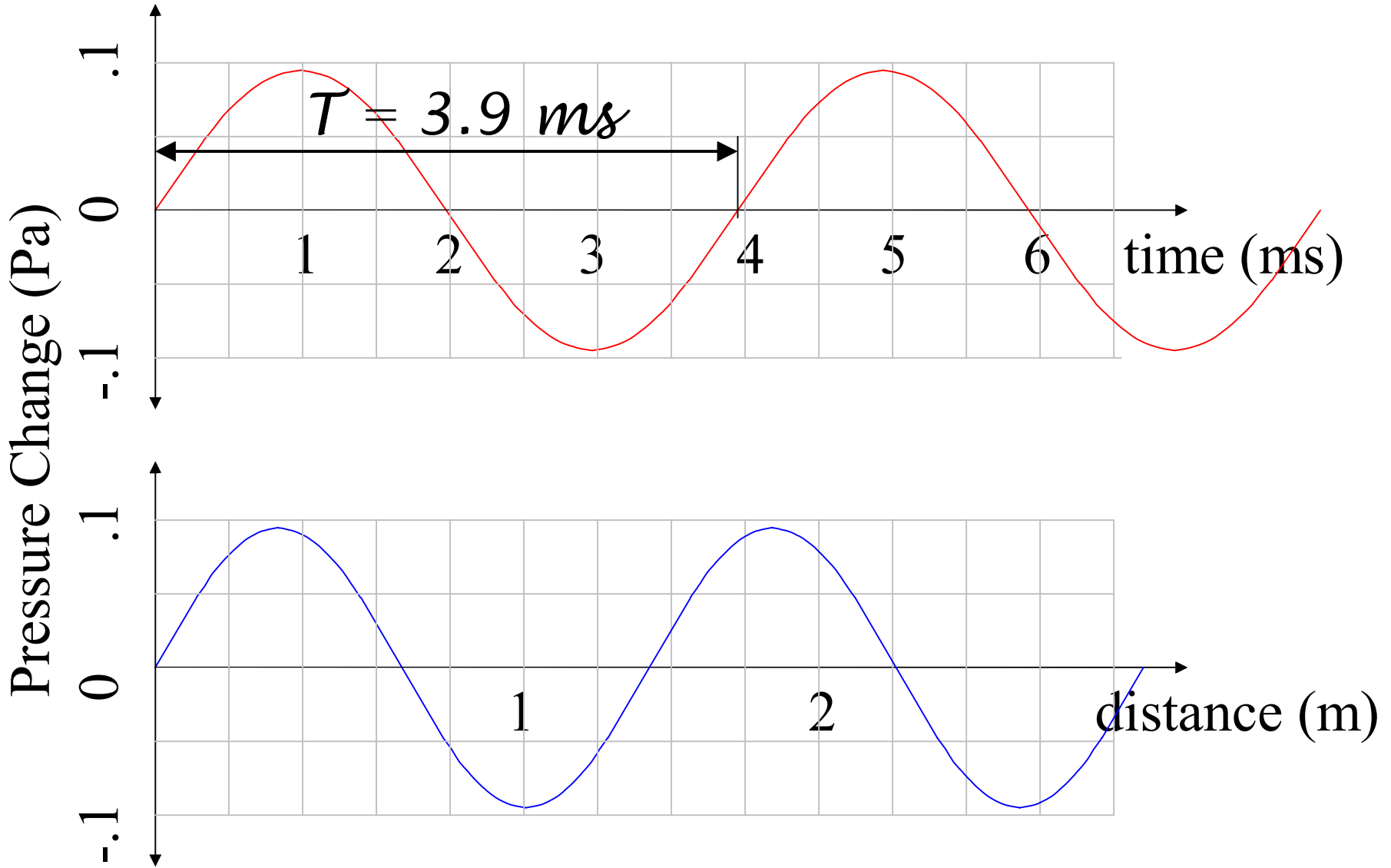


This is the output of an **oscilloscope**. An oscilloscope displays voltage vs. time – in this case the voltage output of a microphone.

# Example – Find the Parameters $A$ , $f$ , $T$ , $\lambda$ , $v$

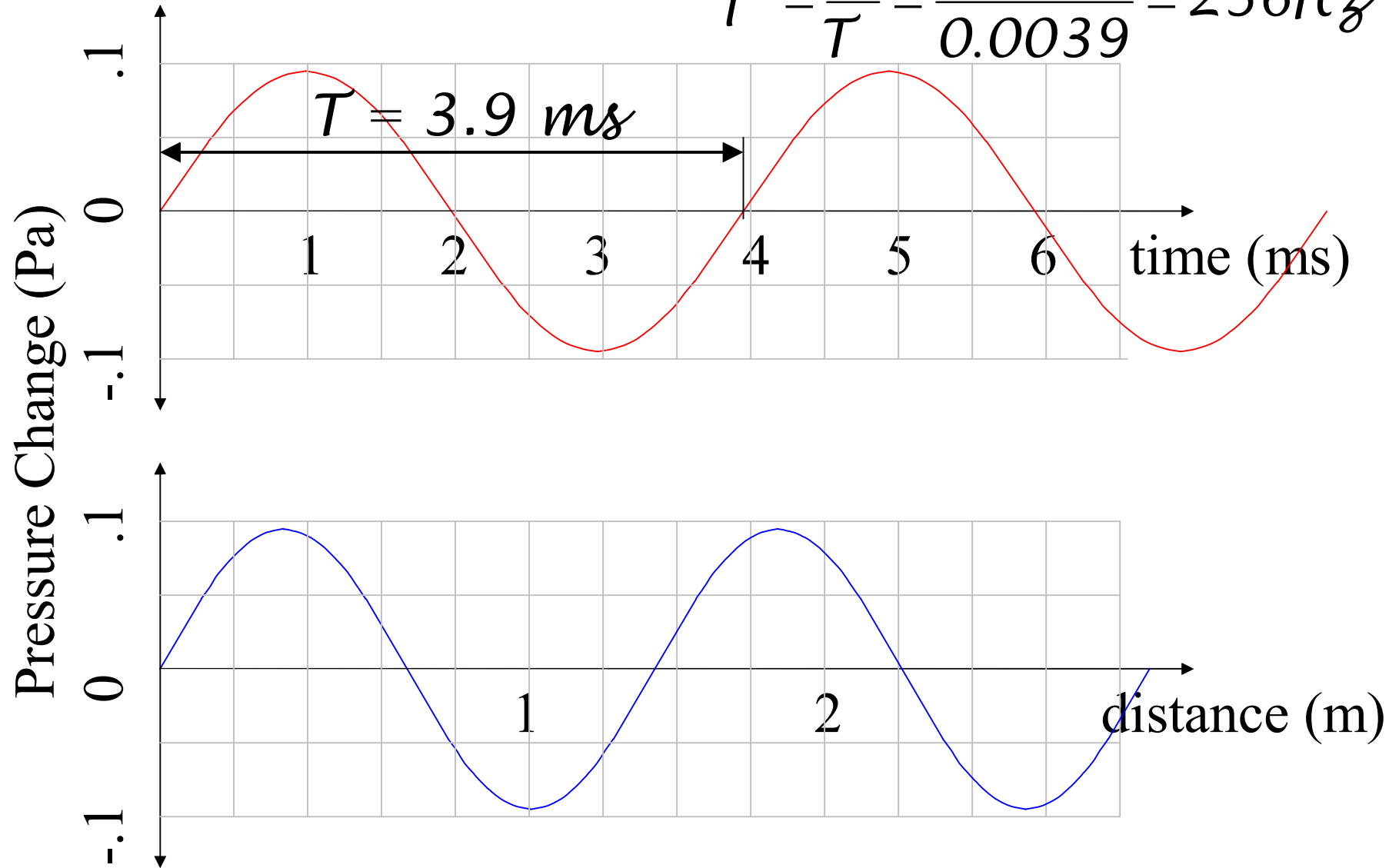


Find the Parameters  $A$ ,  $f$ ,  $T$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $v$ :



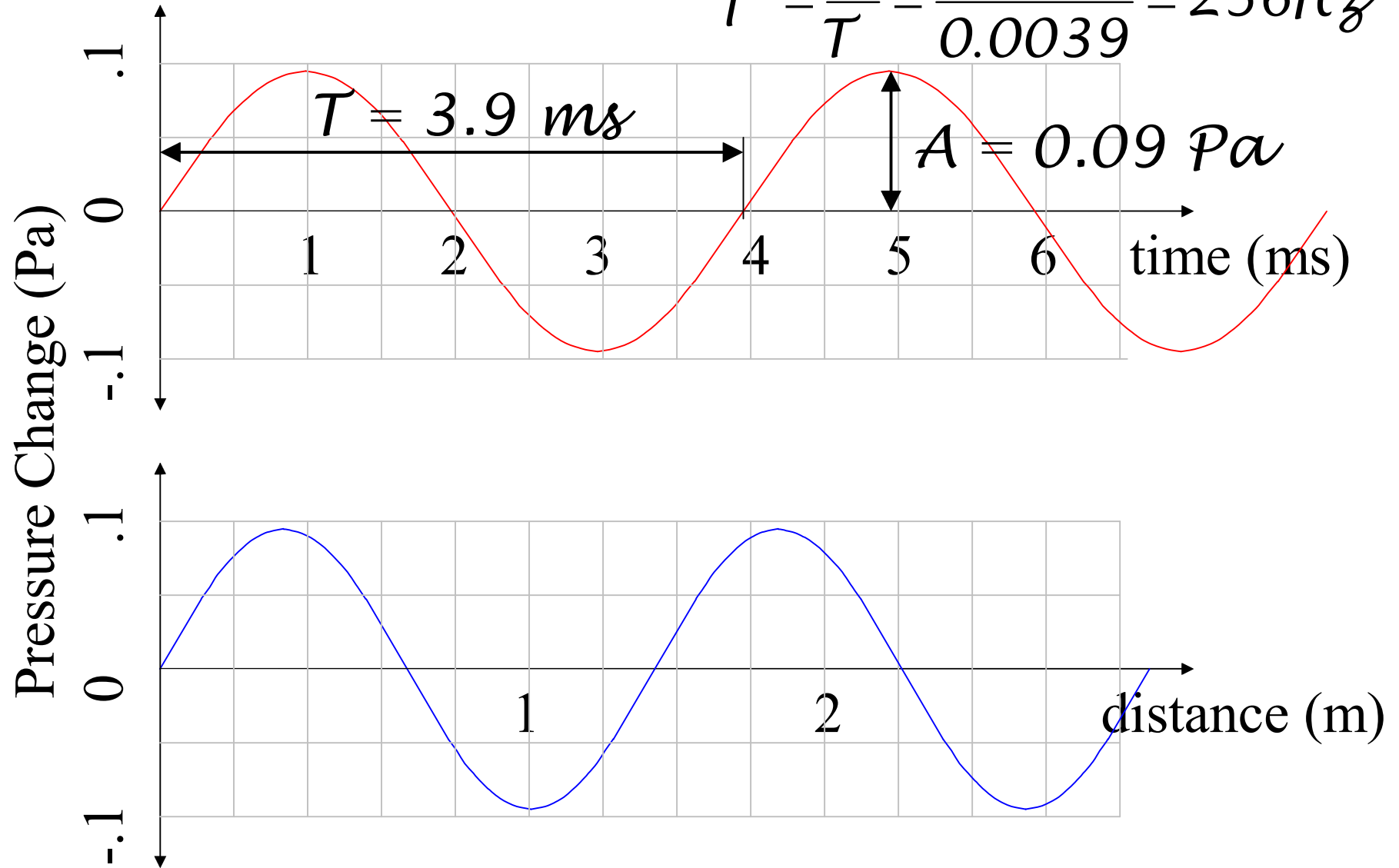
Find the Parameters  $A, f, T, \lambda, v$ :

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.0039} = 256\text{Hz}$$



Find the Parameters  $A, f, T, \lambda, v$ :

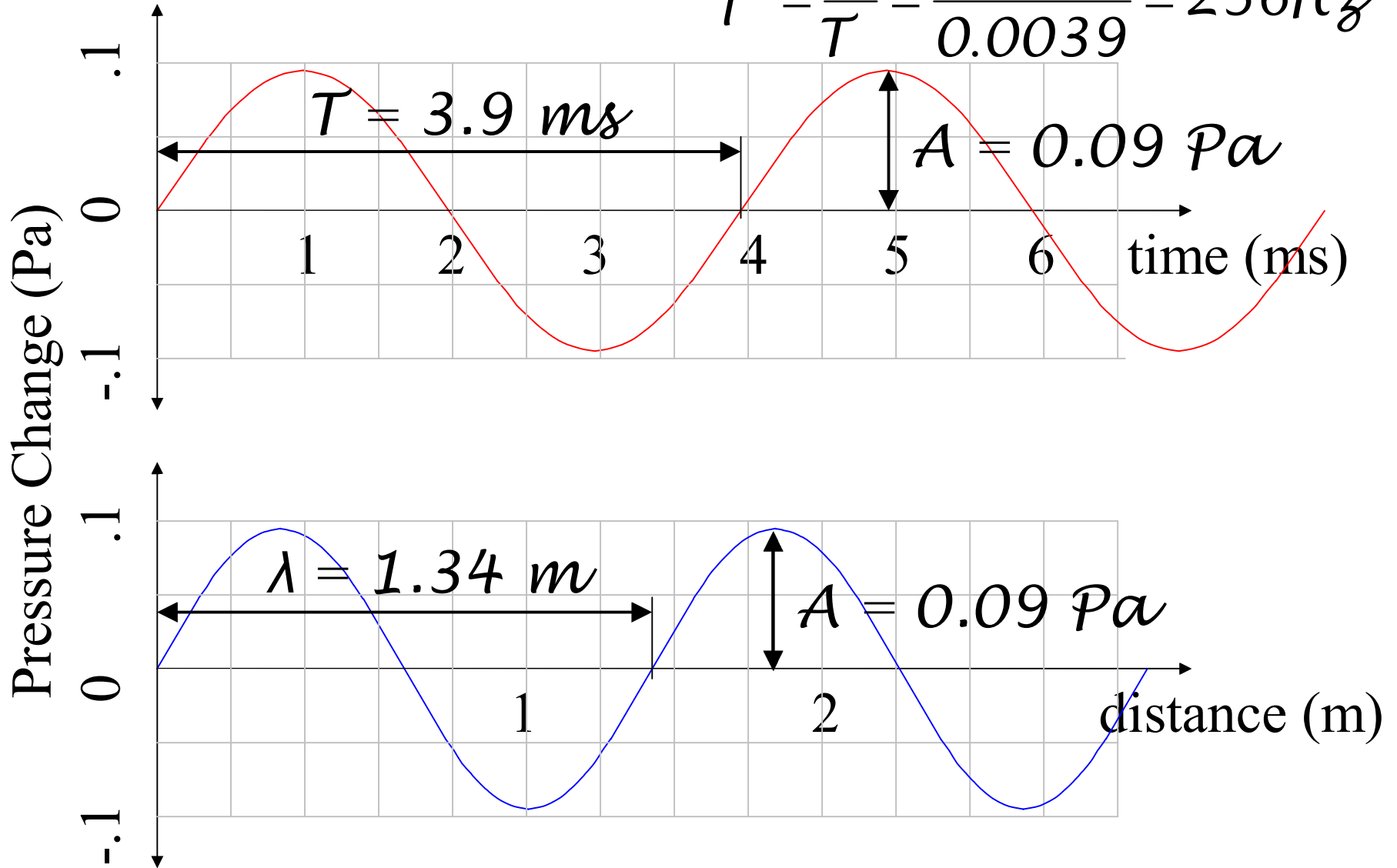
$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.0039} = 256\text{Hz}$$





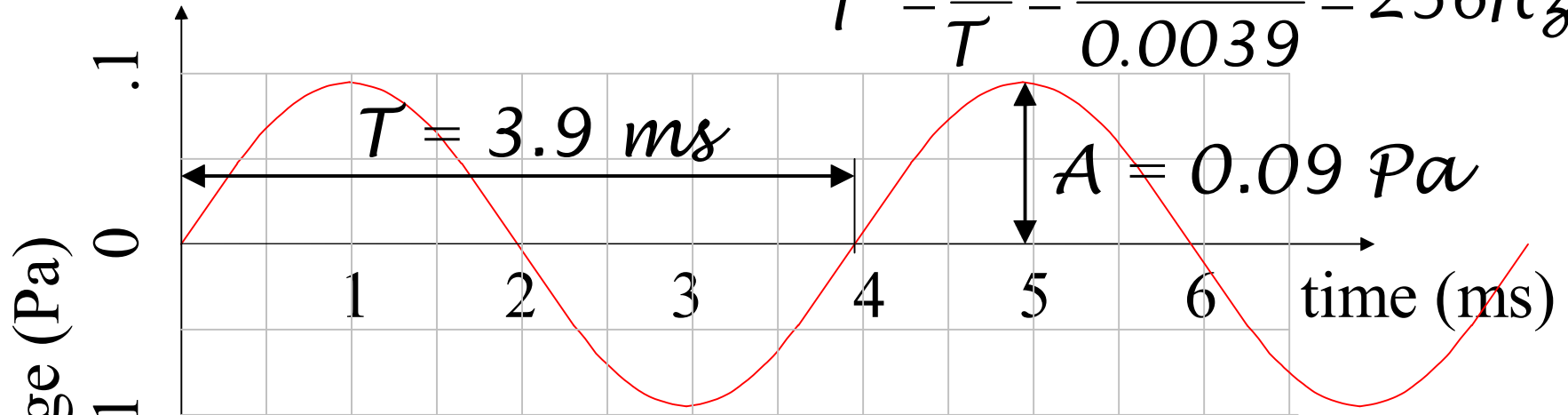
Find the Parameters  $A, f, T, \lambda, v$ :

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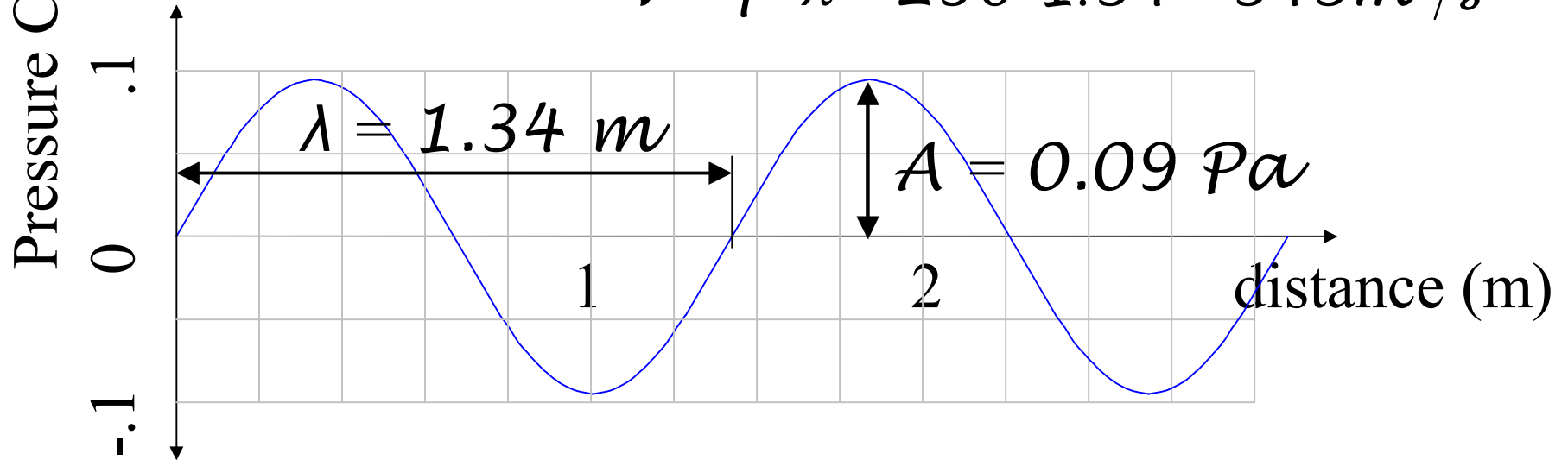


Find the Parameters  $A, f, T, \lambda, v$ :

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.0039} = 256 \text{ Hz}$$

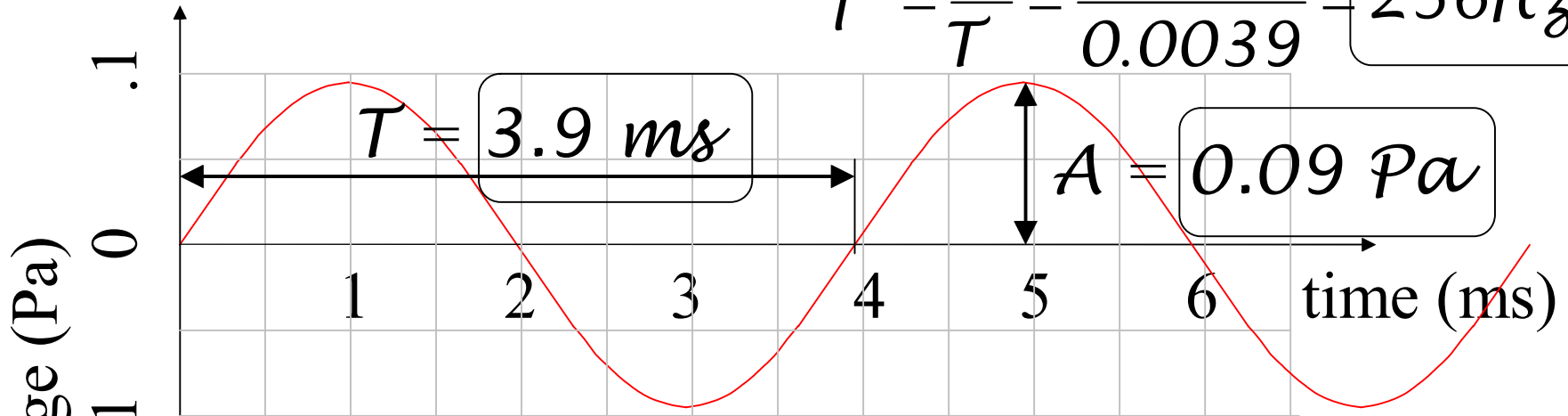


$$v = f \lambda = 256 \cdot 1.34 = 343 \text{ m/s}$$



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$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.0039} = 256 \text{ Hz}$$



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